

What will replace Libor?



Libor – the London Inter-Bank Offered Rate – is a benchmark interest rate based on the rates at which banks lend unsecured funds to each other on the London interbank market. It has been referred to as the most important number in the world and has an estimated \$350 trillion (all figures U.S.) of financial contracts tied to it, from home loans to complicated derivatives. Libor is embedded in commercial contracts, late payment clauses, lease arrangements, pension valuations, insurance and accounting systems – to name a few.

Following the global financial crisis of 2007-2008, a number of banking institutions manipulated Libor for profit motives. An investigation led to charges being laid in late 2012, which rocked global financial markets and resulted in private legal settlements of an estimated \$35 billion, separate from fines paid to regulators. Aside from the financial implications, the erosion of public trust in the financial markets and beyond was significant. Laws were soon passed and new agencies established to enforce regulations in the financial markets, including Libor – until a suitable replacement is found.

Finding a universal replacement for Libor is a very complicated and difficult task that will be expensive and is slated to happen by 2021. If the replacement of Libor is mishandled, it could trigger credit-market confusion and waves of lawsuits. The Federal Reserve Board and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York convened the Alternative Reference Rates Committee (“ARRC”) to identify an alternative to Libor. ARRC has recommended using the secured overnight financing rate (“SOFR”) as the replacement reference rate. SOFR is based on repurchase (repo) interest rates – where one party sells a secured loan to another party and agrees to repurchase it later at a set date and price. The repo market has experienced volatility; however, more recently it has been calmed by the Federal Reserve Board’s injection of liquidity to maintain stability and the desired rate of interest. An alternate replacement that has gained some traction is the Sterling Overnight Index Average (SONIA), which is the effective overnight rate paid by banks for unsecured transactions in the British sterling market.

Some have referred to the replacement of Libor as the biggest banking challenge of all time.

Fiscal Snapshot

Bank of Canada

	Bank Rate	Bank Prime Lending Rate
January 2020	2.00	3.95
December 2019	2.00	3.95
January 2019	2.00	3.95

Government of Canada Benchmark Bond Yields

	5-Year	10-Year	Long
January 2020	1.29	1.27	1.42
December 2019	1.68	1.70	1.76
January 2019	1.78	1.88	2.14

Indicative Commercial Mortgage Spreads* Over Government of Canada Bond Yields

Conventional	5-Year	10-Year
January 2020	1.55 - 2.00	1.65 - 2.10
January 2019	1.70 - 2.10	1.80 - 2.35
Insured	5-Year	10-Year
January 2020	0.90 - 1.10	0.85 - 1.10
January 2019	0.90 - 1.10	0.90 - 1.10

*Spreads are indicative of high quality real estate in major Canadian markets.

Source(s): Bank of Canada

Highlighted Transaction

Asset Type	Single tenant suburban office
Location	Major Canadian city
Facility Details	A \$21M senior charge facility was arranged for a term of 7 years, which included a 3-year interest only period, amortized over 25 years, at a competitive fixed rate of interest.

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Please contact our Debt Capital Markets team for more details related to debt financings or real estate transactions.



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